

Appendix to report:

SBJ-33-C5-OON-22-RE-021

K12 - DESIGN OF MOORING AND ANCHORING

Appendix title:

APPENDIX B – INTERLINK STIFFNESS MODELL

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CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT FLOATING BRIDGE E39 BJØRNAFJORDEN

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 Pure Logic
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 BUKSÉR OG
BERGING

 FORCE
TECHNOLOGY

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1 REPORT ANALYSIS MODELL

1.1 Materials

Materials

Mat	Classification
1	STEEL

Cross-sections static properties

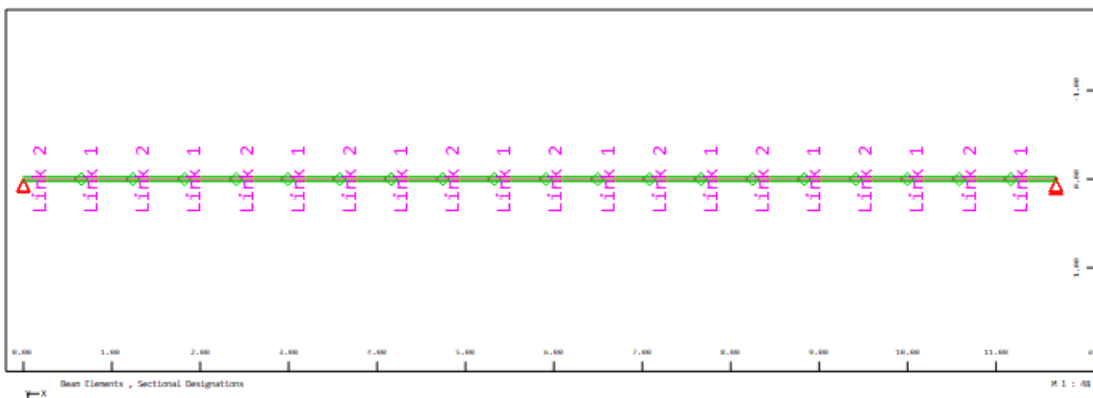
SNo	Mat	A[m2]	Ay[m2]	Iy[m4]	yc[mm]	ysc[mm]	E[N/mm2]	g[kg/m]	I-1[m4]
		It[m4]	Az[m2]	Iz[m4]	zc[mm]	zsc[mm]	G[N/mm2]		I-2[m4]
			Ayz[m2]	Iyz[m4]					α[°]
1	1	1.6741E-02		4.461E-05	0.0	0.0	210000	41.9	1.029E-03
		1.853E-06		1.029E-03	0.0	0.0	80769		4.461E-05
= Link 1									
2	1	1.6741E-02		1.029E-03	0.0	0.0	210000	41.9	
		1.853E-06		4.461E-05	0.0	0.0	80769		
= Link 2									
SNo	section number			yc[mm],zc[mm]	ordinate of elastic centroid				
Mat	material number			ysc[mm],zsc[mm]	ordinate of shear centre				
A[m2]	sectional area			E[N/mm2]	Young's modulus				
Ay[m2],Az[m2],Ayz[m2]	transverse shear deformation area			g[kg/m]	weight per length				
Iy[m4],Iz[m4],Iyz[m4]	bending moment of inertia								
I-1[m4],I-2[m4],α[°]	principal moments of inertia and angle of the principal axes								
MRf	reinforcement material number								
It[m4]	torsional moment of inertia								
G[N/mm2]	Shear modulus								

Spring Material 111

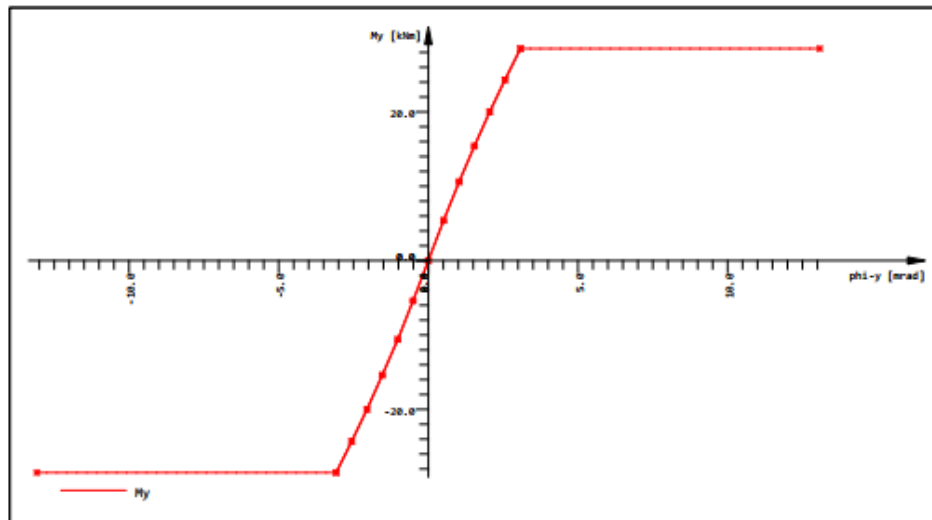
Connection type: 'Implicit Hinge' work law(s)
 Material type: Elastoplastic, anisotropic hardening

Force-displacement law My

Number	Sur[kNm/rad]	u[mrad]	My[kNm]	S[kNm/rad]
111	My	10588.23	-13.080	-28.50
			-3.080	-28.50
			-2.560	-24.30
			-2.050	-20.00
			-1.540	-15.40
			-1.020	-10.60
			-0.510	-5.40
			0.000	0.00
			0.510	5.40
			1.030	10.60
			1.540	15.40
			2.050	20.00
			2.560	24.30
			3.080	28.50
			13.080	28.50



material and hinge definition

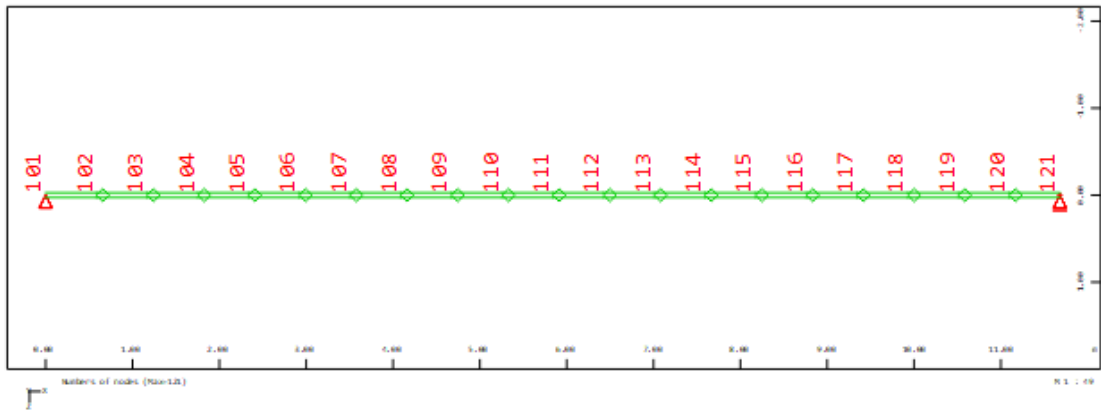


Force-displacement law My

1.2 Nodes

Nodes

Number	X[m]	Y[m]	Z[m]	eq. PX	eq. PY	eq. PZ	eq. MX	eq. MY	eq. MZ
101	0.000	0.000	0.000	PX	PY	PZ	1	2	3
102	0.584	0.000	0.000	4	5	6	7	8	9
103	1.168	0.000	0.000	11	12	13	14	15	16
104	1.752	0.000	0.000	18	19	20	21	22	23
105	2.336	0.000	0.000	25	26	27	28	29	30
106	2.920	0.000	0.000	32	33	34	35	36	37
107	3.504	0.000	0.000	39	40	41	42	43	44
108	4.088	0.000	0.000	46	47	48	49	50	51
109	4.672	0.000	0.000	53	54	55	56	57	58
110	5.256	0.000	0.000	60	61	62	63	64	65
111	5.840	0.000	0.000	67	68	69	70	71	72
112	6.424	0.000	0.000	74	75	76	77	78	79
113	7.008	0.000	0.000	81	82	83	84	85	86
114	7.592	0.000	0.000	88	89	90	91	92	93
115	8.176	0.000	0.000	95	96	97	98	99	100
116	8.760	0.000	0.000	102	103	104	105	106	107
117	9.344	0.000	0.000	109	110	111	112	113	114
118	9.928	0.000	0.000	116	117	118	119	120	121
119	10.512	0.000	0.000	123	124	125	126	127	128
120	11.096	0.000	0.000	130	131	132	133	134	135
121	11.680	0.000	0.000	137	PY	PZ	MX	138	MZ
MIN	0.000	0.000	0.000						
MAX	11.680	0.000	0.000	138					



1.3 Loads

Load Case 101 3rd Order Theory (UPD.LAGRANGIAN) NONLINEAR
 Factor forces and moments 1.000

Loads acting on Nodes

Node	WX [mm]	WY [mm]	WZ [mm]	DX [mrad]	DY [mrad]	DZ [mrad]	
101					8.730		
Node	PX [kN]	PY [kN]	PZ [kN]	MX [kNm]	MY [kNm]	MZ [kNm]	MB [kNm2]
121	1300.0						

Beam Forces and Moments Loadcase 101 NONLINEAR

Grp	Number	x [m]	N [kN]	Vy [kN]	Vz [kN]	Mt [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
0	1	0.000	1299.9	0.00	13.86	0.00	-29.86	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	13.86	0.00	-21.76	0.00
0	2	0.000	1300.4	0.00	9.73	0.00	-21.62	0.00
		0.584	1300.4	0.00	9.73	0.00	-15.94	0.00
0	3	0.000	1300.8	0.00	7.17	0.00	-15.84	0.00
		0.584	1300.8	0.00	7.17	0.00	-11.66	0.00
0	4	0.000	1300.6	0.00	5.38	0.00	-11.65	0.00
		0.584	1300.6	0.00	5.38	0.00	-8.51	0.00
0	5	0.000	1300.3	0.00	3.92	0.00	-8.53	0.00
		0.584	1300.3	0.00	3.92	0.00	-6.24	0.00
0	6	0.000	1300.0	0.00	2.87	0.00	-6.27	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	2.87	0.00	-4.60	0.00
0	7	0.000	1299.9	0.00	2.12	0.00	-4.60	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	2.12	0.00	-3.36	0.00
0	8	0.000	1299.8	0.00	1.54	0.00	-3.38	0.00
		0.584	1299.8	0.00	1.54	0.00	-2.48	0.00
0	9	0.000	1299.9	0.00	1.16	0.00	-2.48	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	1.16	0.00	-1.80	0.00
0	10	0.000	1299.9	0.00	0.83	0.00	-1.83	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	0.83	0.00	-1.34	0.00
0	11	0.000	1300.0	0.00	0.62	0.00	-1.34	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	0.62	0.00	-0.98	0.00
0	12	0.000	1300.0	0.00	0.45	0.00	-0.99	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	0.45	0.00	-0.72	0.00
0	13	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.32	0.00	-0.72	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.32	0.00	-0.54	0.00
0	14	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.54	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.39	0.00
0	15	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.16	0.00	-0.39	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.16	0.00	-0.30	0.00
0	16	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.14	0.00	-0.29	0.00

Load Case 101 3rd Order Theory (UPD.LAGRANGIAN) NONLINEAR
Factor forces and moments 1.000

Loads acting on Nodes

Node	WX[mm]	WY[mm]	WZ[mm]	DX[mrad]	DY[mrad]	DZ[mrad]	
101					8.730		
Node	PX[kN]	PY[kN]	PZ[kN]	MX[kNm]	MY[kNm]	MZ[kNm]	MB[kNm2]
121	1300.0						

Beam Forces and Moments Loadcase 101 NONLINEAR

Grp	Number	x [m]	N [kN]	Vy [kN]	Vz [kN]	Mt [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
0	1	0.000	1299.9	0.00	13.86	0.00	-29.86	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	13.86	0.00	-21.76	0.00
0	2	0.000	1300.4	0.00	9.73	0.00	-21.62	0.00
		0.584	1300.4	0.00	9.73	0.00	-15.94	0.00
0	3	0.000	1300.8	0.00	7.17	0.00	-15.84	0.00
		0.584	1300.8	0.00	7.17	0.00	-11.66	0.00
0	4	0.000	1300.6	0.00	5.38	0.00	-11.65	0.00
		0.584	1300.6	0.00	5.38	0.00	-8.51	0.00
0	5	0.000	1300.3	0.00	3.92	0.00	-8.53	0.00
		0.584	1300.3	0.00	3.92	0.00	-6.24	0.00
0	6	0.000	1300.0	0.00	2.87	0.00	-6.27	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	2.87	0.00	-4.60	0.00
0	7	0.000	1299.9	0.00	2.12	0.00	-4.60	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	2.12	0.00	-3.36	0.00
0	8	0.000	1299.8	0.00	1.54	0.00	-3.38	0.00
		0.584	1299.8	0.00	1.54	0.00	-2.48	0.00
0	9	0.000	1299.9	0.00	1.16	0.00	-2.48	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	1.16	0.00	-1.80	0.00
0	10	0.000	1299.9	0.00	0.83	0.00	-1.83	0.00
		0.584	1299.9	0.00	0.83	0.00	-1.34	0.00
0	11	0.000	1300.0	0.00	0.62	0.00	-1.34	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	0.62	0.00	-0.98	0.00
0	12	0.000	1300.0	0.00	0.45	0.00	-0.99	0.00
		0.584	1300.0	0.00	0.45	0.00	-0.72	0.00
0	13	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.32	0.00	-0.72	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.32	0.00	-0.54	0.00
0	14	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.54	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.39	0.00
0	15	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.16	0.00	-0.39	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.16	0.00	-0.30	0.00
0	16	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.14	0.00	-0.29	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.14	0.00	-0.21	0.00

1.4 Results

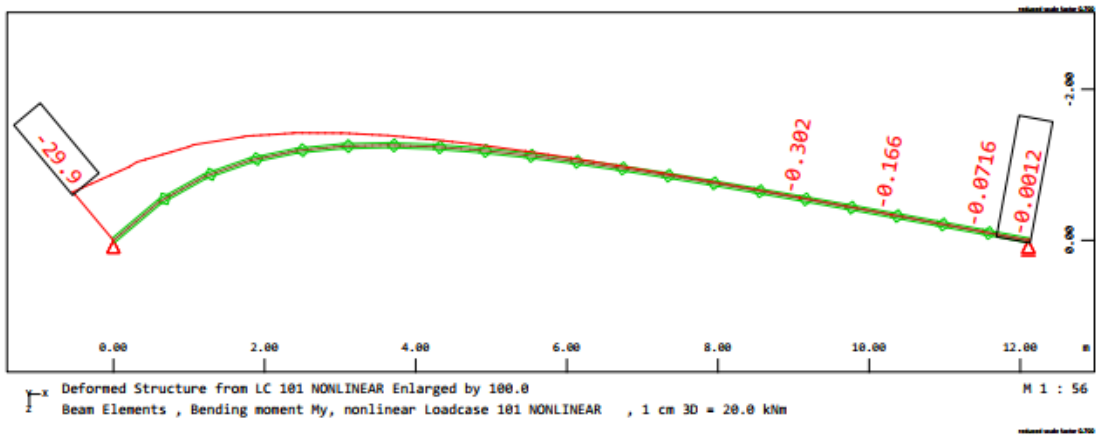
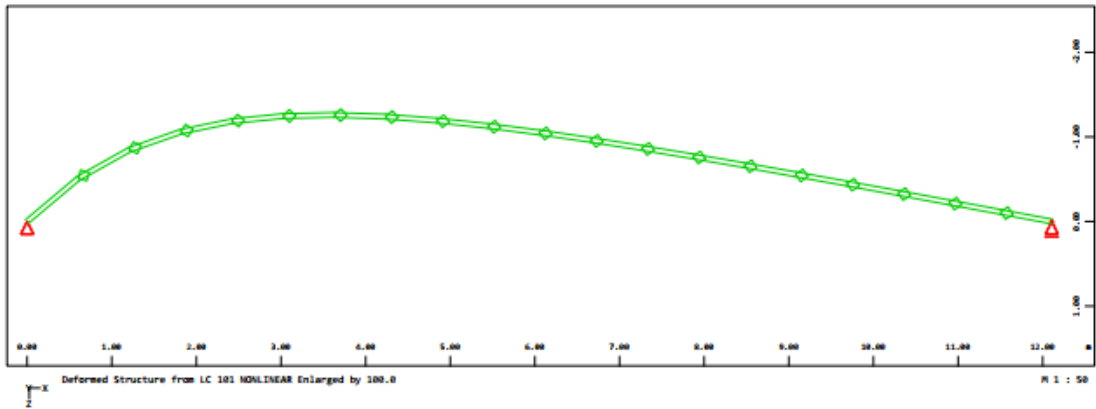
Beam Forces and Moments Loadcase 101 NONLINEAR

Grp	Number	x [m]	N [kN]	Vy [kN]	Vz [kN]	Mt [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
0	16	0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.14	0.00	-0.21	0.00
0	17	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.07	0.00	-0.21	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.07	0.00	-0.17	0.00
0	18	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.09	0.00	-0.14	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.09	0.00	-0.09	0.00
0	19	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.03	0.00	-0.09	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.03	0.00	-0.07	0.00
0	20	0.000	1300.1	0.00	0.07	0.00	-0.04	0.00
		0.584	1300.1	0.00	0.07	0.00	-0.00	0.00

Grp primary group number
Number element number

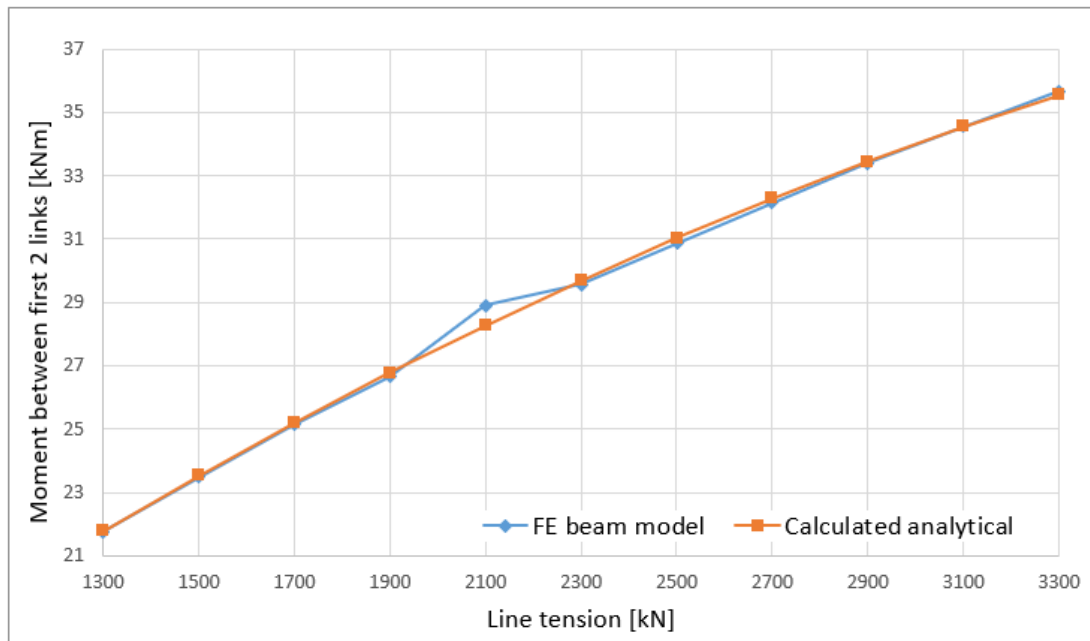
Nodal Displacements Loadcase 101 NONLINEAR

Node No	u-X [mm]	u-Y [mm]	u-Z [mm]	phi-X [mrad]	phi-Y [mrad]	phi-Z [mrad]
101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.730	0.000
102	0.194	0.000	-5.079	0.000	8.660	0.000
103	0.400	0.000	-8.469	0.000	5.247	0.000
104	0.612	0.000	-10.594	0.000	3.620	0.000
105	0.827	0.000	-11.853	0.000	1.858	0.000
106	1.043	0.000	-12.455	0.000	1.020	0.000
107	1.259	0.000	-12.599	0.000	0.086	0.000
108	1.474	0.000	-12.392	0.000	-0.359	0.000
109	1.690	0.000	-11.940	0.000	-0.861	0.000
110	1.906	0.000	-11.298	0.000	-1.101	0.000
111	2.121	0.000	-10.524	0.000	-1.372	0.000
112	2.336	0.000	-9.647	0.000	-1.502	0.000
113	2.552	0.000	-8.699	0.000	-1.649	0.000
114	2.767	0.000	-7.695	0.000	-1.719	0.000
115	2.982	0.000	-6.653	0.000	-1.798	0.000
116	3.197	0.000	-5.580	0.000	-1.836	0.000
117	3.412	0.000	-4.486	0.000	-1.879	0.000
118	3.627	0.000	-3.377	0.000	-1.899	0.000
119	3.841	0.000	-2.257	0.000	-1.920	0.000
120	4.056	0.000	-1.130	0.000	-1.929	0.000
121	4.271	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.935	0.000



2 CURVE FITTING

The figure and formula below show the results from curve fitting for $D=146\text{mm}$. The beam model as described in section 1 has been run for tensions between 1300kN and 3300kN. Interlink moment between the first two links has been recorded and is plotted with the blue line in the figure below. By means of the recorded values a curve function M_i has been established. The curve is plotted in orange in the figure below.



$$M_i = f_\alpha * (8.43 + 1.16\text{E-}02 * F_t + -1.03\text{E-}06 * F_t^2)$$

$$f_\alpha = 0.5\text{deg}/\alpha_{\text{timeseries}}$$

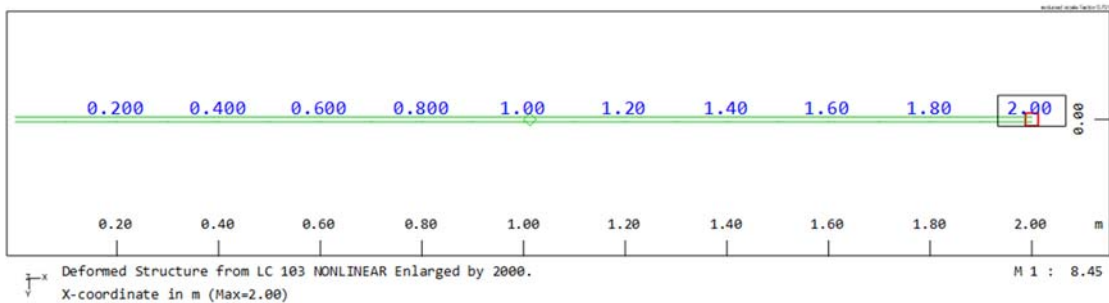
3 CONTROLL OF ANALYSIS MODELL

3.1 Case 1 – Cantilever with Stiff hinge

Cantilever beam with high spring stiffness which means stiff connection between links.
Applied loads are moment, point load and rotation.
Both links have same Crosssection properties.

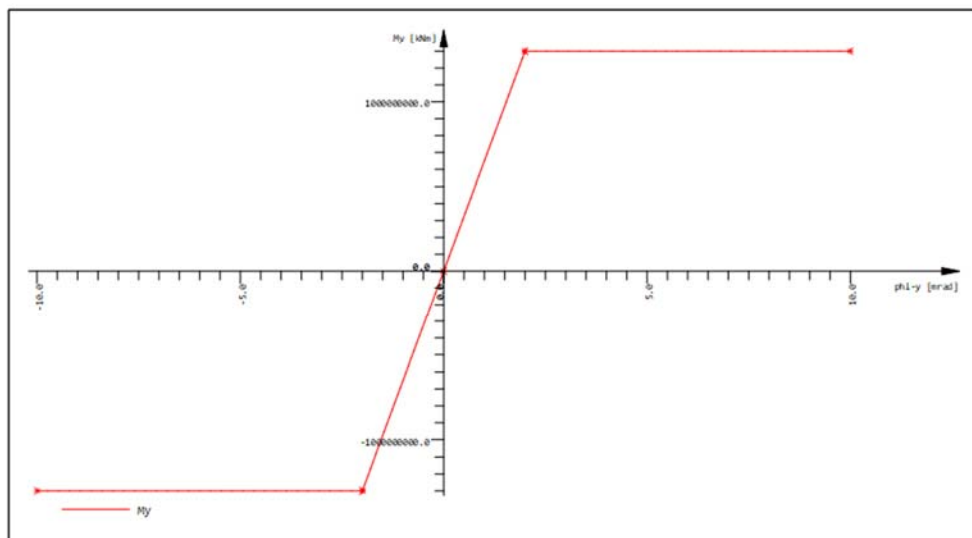
3.1.1 Input geometry and cross section

Two chain links modelled with a total length of 2m (1m per link). Hinge applied between both links (at 1m). Force displacement law My defined for this hinge, see figure. Hinge for case 1 is modelled with high stiffness such that the two links perform as a stiff beam together. Fixed support applied at end of link 2. The system performs similar to a cantilever beam.



Force-displacement law My

Number	Sur [kNm/rad]	u [mrad]	My [kNm]	S [kNm/rad]
111	My	6.500E+11	-10.000	1300000000.
			-2.000	1300000000.
			0.000	0.00
			2.000	1300000000.
			10.000	1300000000.



Force-displacement law My

Cross-section properties such as I_y and I_z for the links are calculated separately and given as input to calculation.

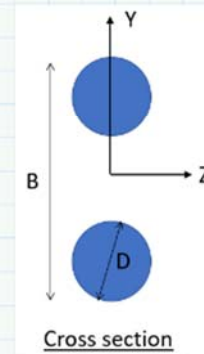
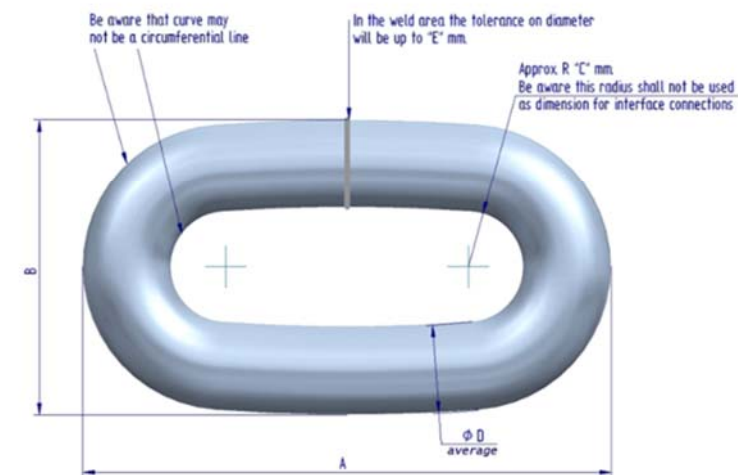
CALCULATION LINK PROPERTIES

1. Input

Maximum rotation R_z from global analyses:

Maximum Tension F_t incl. pretension and tension from pontoon displacement:

> COMMON LINK FOR 111 mm. STUDLESS CHAIN
 > Material Quality: GL-R3
 > Project:



DIMENSIONS IN mm. (Approx.)

A
666

B
372

C
69

D
111

E
122

Chain diameter	$D := 111 \text{ mm}$
Link length	$A := 666 \text{ mm}$
Link width	$B := 372 \text{ mm}$

2. Calculation properties

Radius	$R := \frac{D}{2} = 55.5 \text{ mm}$
Cross section area	$A := \pi \cdot R^2 = (9.67689 \cdot 10^{-3}) \text{ m}^2$
Moment of Inertia	$I_{yy} := 2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{4} \cdot \pi \cdot R^4 \right] = [1.49036 \cdot 10^{-5}] \text{ m}^4$
	$I_{zz} := 2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{4} \cdot \pi \cdot R^4 + \left(\frac{B}{2} - \frac{D}{2} \right)^2 \cdot A \right] = [3.44503 \cdot 10^{-4}] \text{ m}^4$

Cross-sections static properties

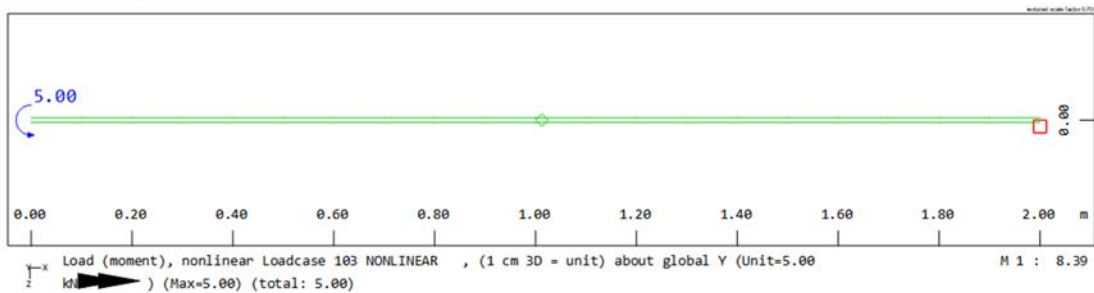
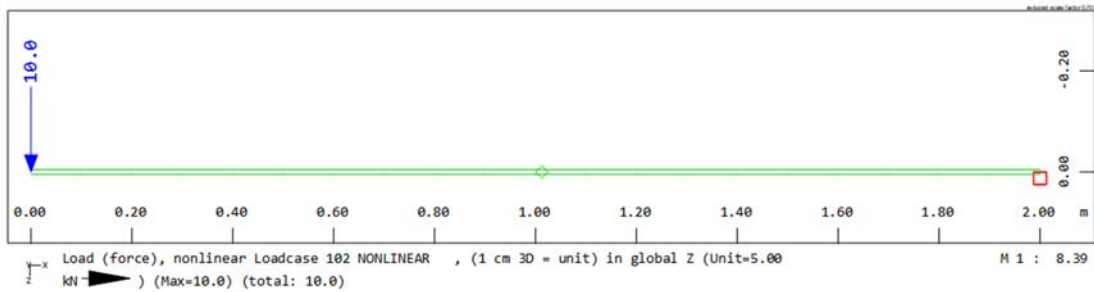
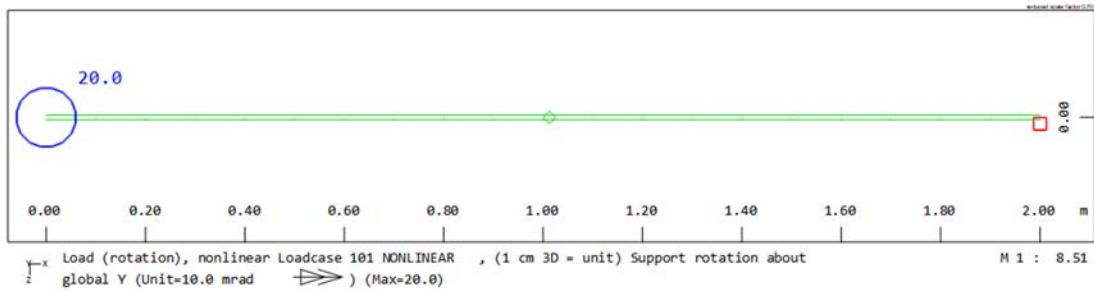
SNo	Mat	A[m2]	Ay[m2]	Iy[m4]	yc[mm]	ysc[mm]	E[N/mm2]	g[kg/m]	I-1[m4]	
		It[m4]	Az[m2]	Iz[m4]	zc[mm]	zsc[mm]	G[N/mm2]		I-2[m4]	
		Ayz[m2]	Iyz[m4]					α[°]		
1	1	9.6769E-03		1.490E-05	0.0	0.0	210000	24.2	3.445E-04	
		6.180E-07		3.445E-04	0.0	0.0	79300		1.490E-05	
= Link 1										
2	1	9.6769E-03		3.445E-04	0.0	0.0	210000	24.2		
		6.180E-07		1.490E-05	0.0	0.0	79300			
= Link 2										
SNo	section number			yc[mm],zc[mm]		ordinate of elastic centroid				
Mat	material number			ysc[mm],zsc[mm]		ordinate of shear centre				
A[m2]	sectional area			E[N/mm2]		Young's modulus				
Ay[m2],Az[m2],Ayz[m2]	transverse shear deformation area			g[kg/m]		weight per length				
Iy[m4],Iz[m4],Iyz[m4]	bending moment of inertia									
I-1[m4],I-2[m4],α[°]	principal moments of inertia and angle of the principal axes									
MRF	reinforcement material number									
It[m4]	torsional moment of inertia									
G[N/mm2]	Shear modulus									

3.1.2 Input loads

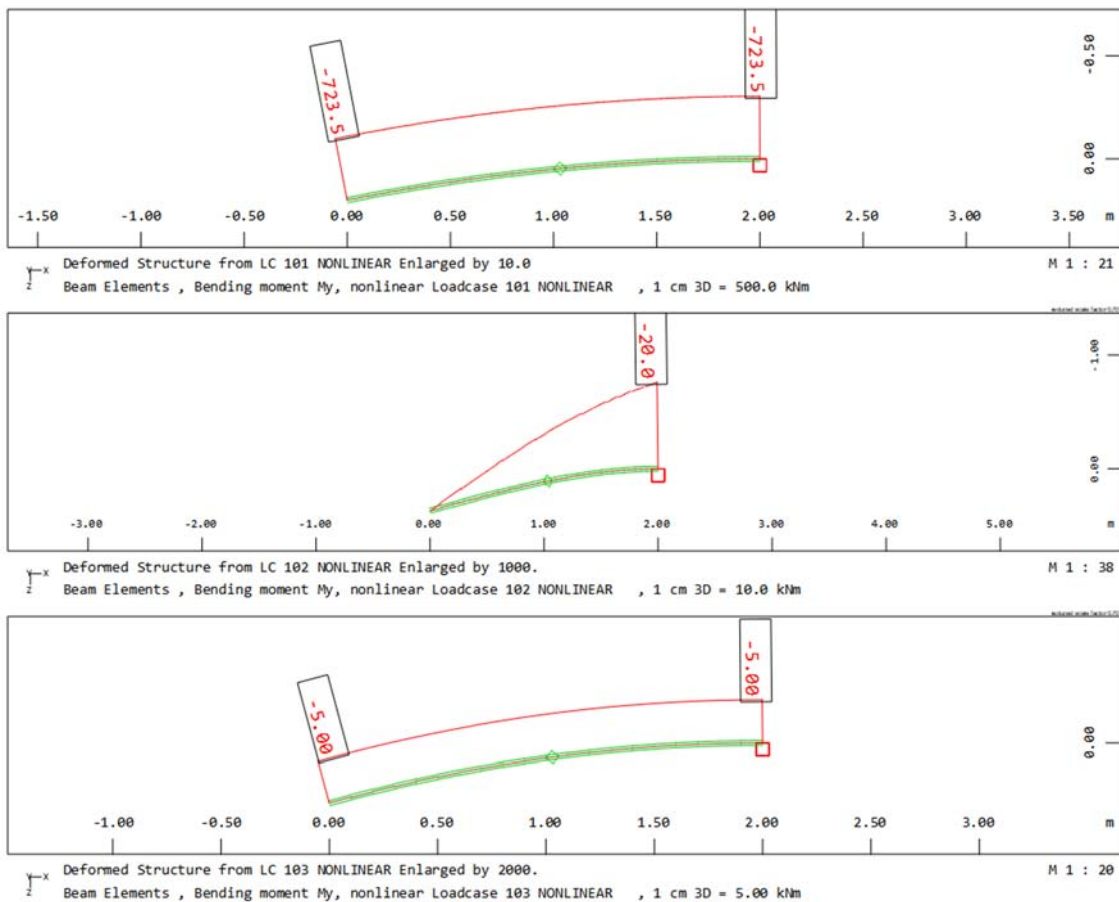
LC101 = Rotation 20 mrad

LC102 = Point load 10 kN

LC103 = Moment 5 kNm



3.1.3 Results - Moments



Control Moment for LC101

$$E = 210000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$I_y = 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4 \text{ (Section SNo 2 is used in this check, both links have same stiffness in)}$$

$$M = \alpha \cdot EI/L = 20\text{rad}/1000 \cdot 210000000 \text{ kN/m}^2 \cdot 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4/2 = \underline{723.5 \text{ kNm}}$$

→ Moment calculation is correct.

Control Moment for LC102

$$M = P \cdot L = 10\text{kN} \cdot 2\text{m} = \underline{20 \text{ kNm}}$$

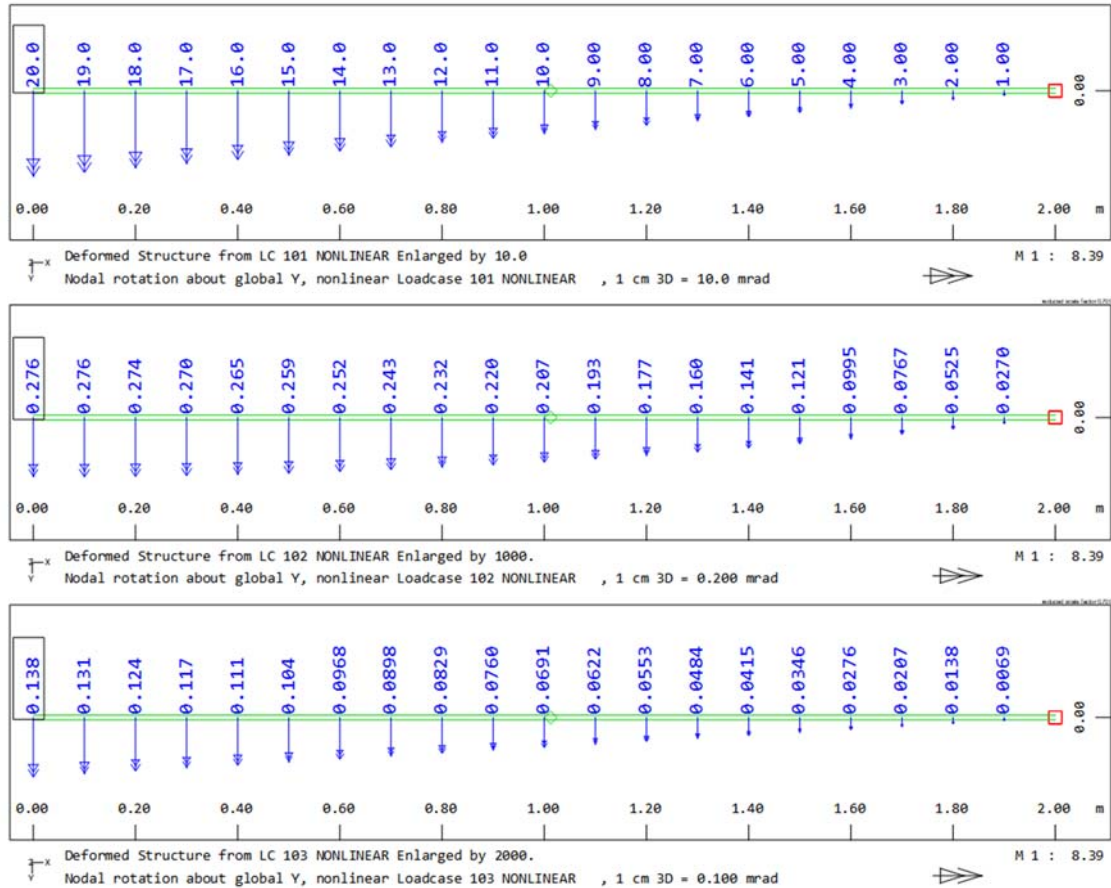
→ Moment calculation is correct.

Control Moment for LC103

$$M = \underline{5 \text{ kNm}}$$

→ Moment calculation is correct.

3.1.4 Results - Rotations



Control Rotation for LC101

$$\alpha_{\max} = \underline{20 \text{ mrad}},$$

$$\alpha_{\min} = \underline{0 \text{ mrad}},$$

→ Rotation calculation is correct.

Control Rotation for LC102

$$E = 210000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$I_y = 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4 \text{ (Section SNo 2 is used in this check, both links have same stiffness in)}$$

$$\alpha_{\max} = P \cdot L^2 / (2 \cdot E \cdot I) \cdot 1000 =$$

$$10 \text{ kN} \cdot (2\text{m})^2 / (2 \cdot 210000000 \text{ kN/m}^2 \cdot 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4) \cdot 1000 = \underline{0.276 \text{ mrad}}$$

→ Rotation calculation is correct.

Control Rotation for LC103

$$E = 210000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$I_y = 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4 \text{ (Section SNo 2 is used in this check, both links have same stiffness in)}$$

$$\alpha_{\max} = M \cdot L / (E \cdot I) \cdot 1000 =$$

$$5 \text{ kNm} \cdot 2\text{m} / (210000000 \text{ kN/m}^2 \cdot 3.445 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4) \cdot 1000 = \underline{0.138 \text{ mrad}}$$

→ Rotation calculation is correct.

3.2 Case 2 – As Case 1 with variable I_y and I_z for links

3.2.1 Input geometry and cross section

Same input as for case 1. However, Crosssection stiffness for link2 is 90deg rotated in regard with link 1 (due to chain characteristic).

Cross-sections static properties

SNo	Mat	A[m2]	Ay[m2]	Iy[m4]	yc[mm]	ysc[mm]	E[N/mm2]	g[kg/m]	I-1[m4]
	MRf	It[m4]	Az[m2]	Iz[m4]	zc[mm]	zsc[mm]	G[N/mm2]		I-2[m4]
			Ayz[m2]	Iyz[m4]					α [°]
1	1	9.6769E-03		1.490E-05	0.0	0.0	210000	24.2	3.445E-04
		6.180E-07		3.445E-04	0.0	0.0	79300		1.490E-05
= Link 1									
2	1	9.6769E-03		3.445E-04	0.0	0.0	210000	24.2	
		6.180E-07		1.490E-05	0.0	0.0	79300		
= Link 2									
SNo	section number			yc[mm],zc[mm]	ordinate of elastic centroid				
Mat	material number			ysc[mm],zsc[mm]	ordinate of shear centre				
A[m2]	sectional area			E[N/mm2]	Young's modulus				
Ay[m2],Az[m2],Ayz[m2]	transverse shear deformation area			g[kg/m]	weight per length				
Iy[m4],Iz[m4],Iyz[m4]	bending moment of inertia								
I-1[m4],I-2[m4], α [°]	principal moments of inertia and angle of the principal axes								
MRf	reinforcement material number								
It[m4]	torsional moment of inertia								
G[N/mm2]	Shear modulus								

```

1 +PROG SOFIMSHA
2 $ Dat : C:\...\Interlinkstiffness_02.dat (#002) 11.04.2019
3 $ Job : NX-C1D9E-007:000281 10:43
4 HEAD GEOMETRY DEFINITION
5 ECHO VAL NO
6 UNIT 5 ; SYST SPAC GDIV 1000
7
8 NODE NO X Y Z FIX
9 201 0 0 0
10 102 1.0 0 0
11 202 2.0 0 0 PPM
12
13 BEAM FIT 201 102 NCS 1 DIV 10 $EHIN 111
14 BEAM FIT 102 202 NCS 2 DIV 10 AHIN 111
15
16 END

```

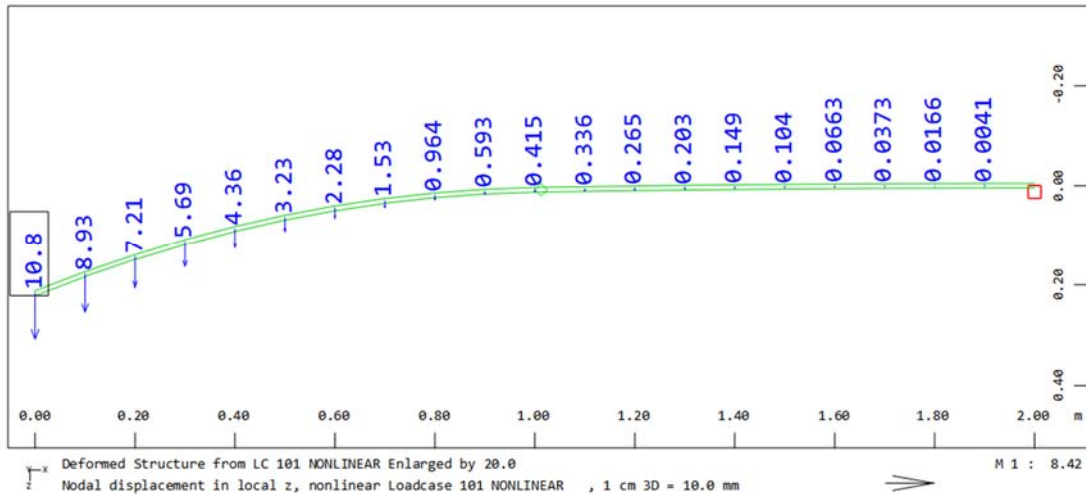


3.2.2 Input loads

Input loads are the same as for case 1.

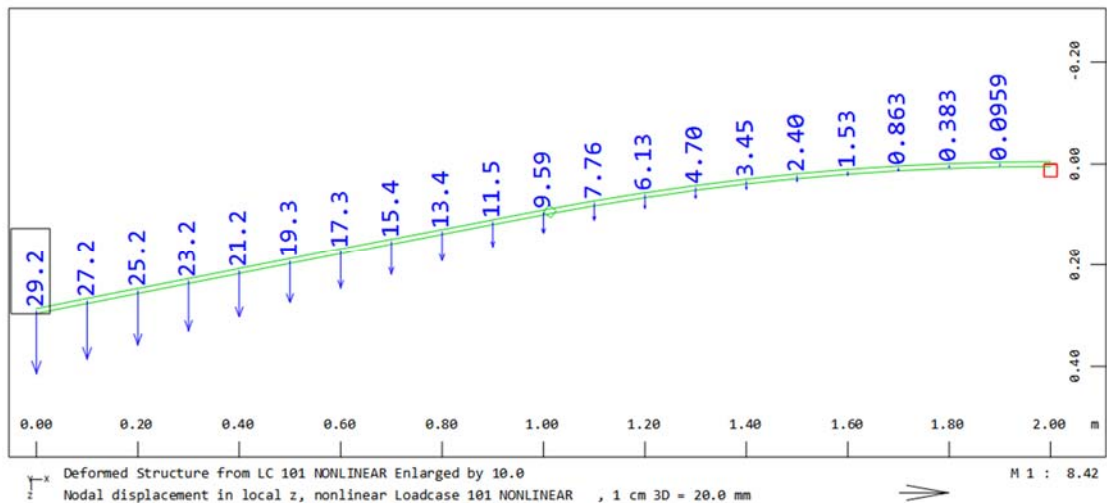
3.2.3 Results deformation

Link 2 stiffer than link 1



The deformation plot shows parabolic deformation in the weaker link (link 1) and rather linear deformation in the stronger link (link 2).

Link 1 stiffer than link 2



The deformation plot shows parabolic deformation in the weaker link (link 2) and rather linear deformation in the stronger link (link 1).

Conclusion

The results above appear reasonable.

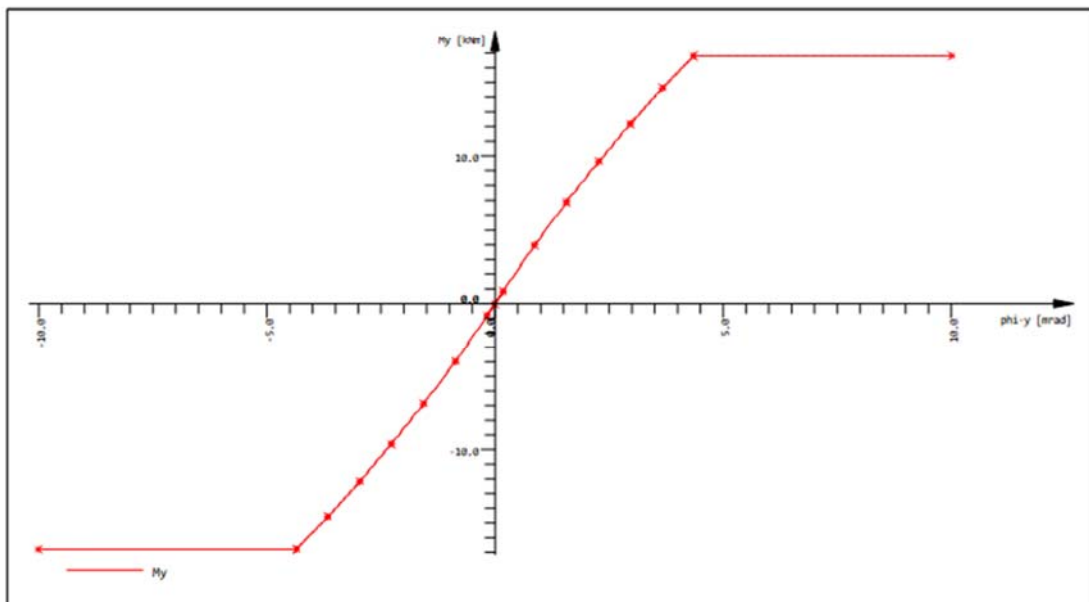
3.3 Case 3 – As Case 1 with Interlink stiffness for spring between links

3.3.1 Input geometry and cross section

Same input as for case 1. However, force displacement law at spring between links is defined according to interlink stiffness.

Force-displacement law My

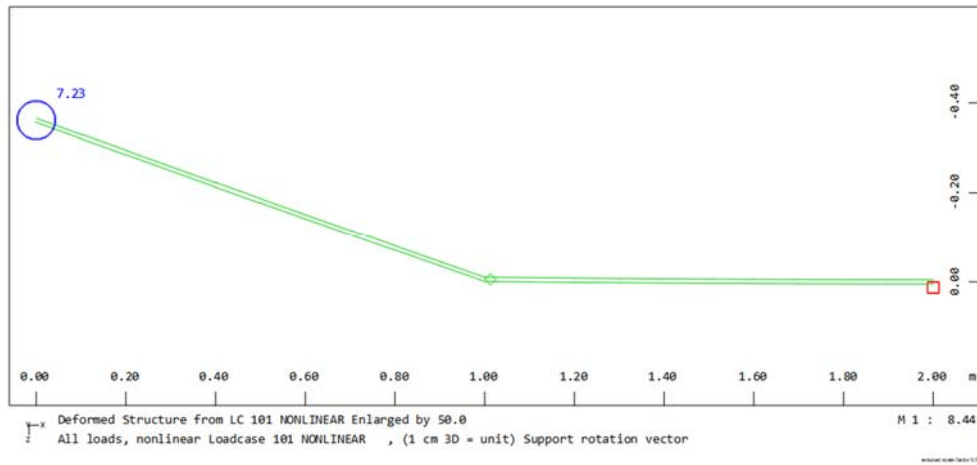
Number	Sur[kNm/rad]	u[mrad]	My[kNm]	S[kNm/rad]
111	My	4705.88	-10.000	0.00
			-4.360	3188.40
			-3.670	3428.57
			-2.970	3714.28
			-2.270	3857.14
			-1.570	4142.86
			-0.870	4571.43
			-0.170	4705.88
			0.000	4705.88
			0.170	4571.43
			0.870	4142.86
			1.570	3857.14
			2.270	3714.28
			2.970	3428.57
			3.670	3188.40
			4.360	0.00
			10.000	0.00



Force-displacement law My

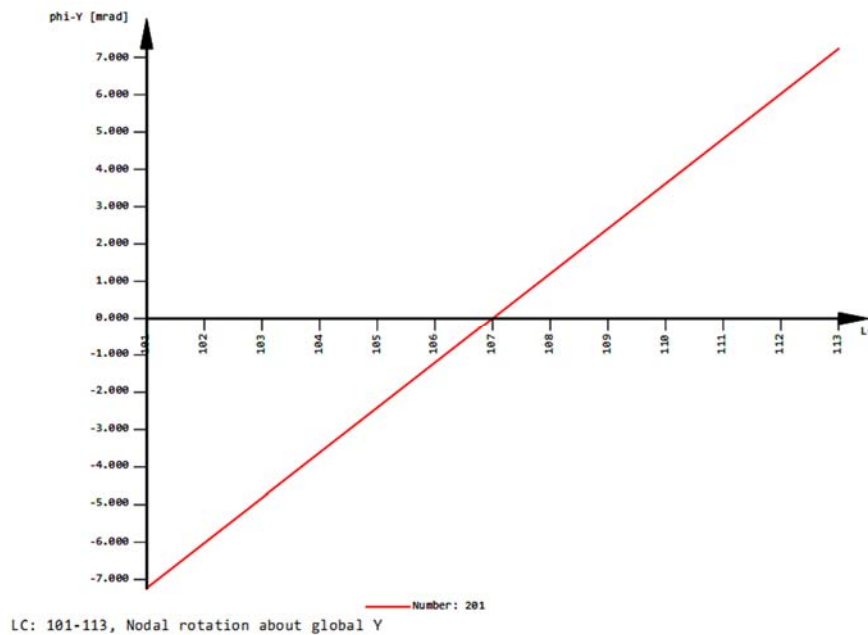
3.3.2 Input loads

Rotation applied on free end. Rotation increased in with equal steps over 13 load cases.



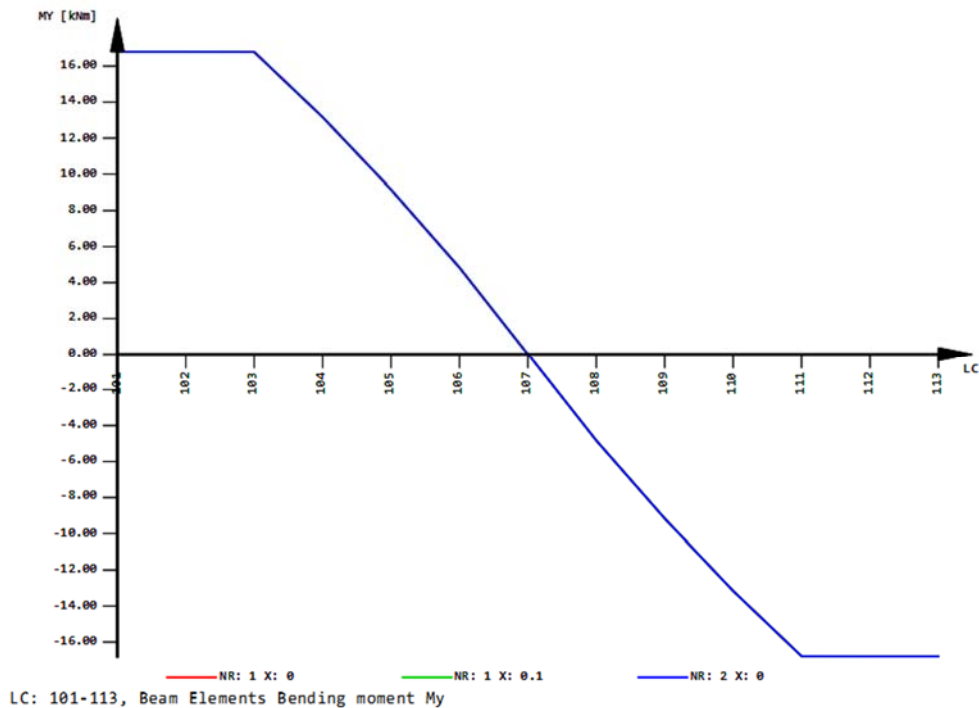
LC	LC-title	Number	phi-Y [mrad]
101	NONLINEAR	201	-7.230
102	NONLINEAR		-6.025
103	NONLINEAR		-4.820
104	NONLINEAR		-3.615
105	NONLINEAR		-2.410
106	NONLINEAR		-1.205
107	NONLINEAR		0.000
108	NONLINEAR		1.205
109	NONLINEAR		2.410
110	NONLINEAR		3.615
111	NONLINEAR		4.820
112	NONLINEAR		6.025
113	NONLINEAR		7.230

LC Load Case
 LC-title Load case description
 Number Node (Filter: -201)
 phi-Y Nodal Displacements



3.3.3 Results Moment

Moment in beam plotted over loadcases, see figure below.



LC: 101-113, Nodal rotation about global Y

LC	LC-title	Number	phi-Y [mrad]
101	NONLINEAR	102	-6.998
102	NONLINEAR		-5.793
103	NONLINEAR		-4.588
104	NONLINEAR		-3.433
105	NONLINEAR		-2.283
106	NONLINEAR		-1.138
107	NONLINEAR		0.000
108	NONLINEAR		1.138
109	NONLINEAR		2.283
110	NONLINEAR		3.433
111	NONLINEAR		4.588
112	NONLINEAR		5.793
113	NONLINEAR		6.998

LC Load Case
 LC-title Load case description
 Number Node (Filter: -102)
 phi-Y Nodal Displacements

The moment curve shows maximum moment of 16.8 kNm. This is correct with respect to the defined displacement law. Moment is constant 16.8 kNm for load cases 101-103 and 111-113. For these load cases the hinge rotation is larger than 4.36mrad (see table above). With respect to the defined displacement law the moment plot is reasonable.

3.4 Conclusion

Modelling of geometry, Crosssection properties and hinge works as required. Basic model verified.