

**Appendix to report:**

SBJ-33-C5-OON-22-RE-021

K12 - DESIGN OF MOORING AND ANCHORING

**Appendix title:**

APPENDIX E – PONTOON INTERFACE

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<b>Prepared by:</b>	Theresa Böllmann
<b>Controlled by:</b>	Håkon S. Andersen
<b>Approved by:</b>	Kolbjørn Høyland

CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT FLOATING BRIDGE E39 BJØRNAFJORDEN

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 Pure Logic  
The science of production reasoning

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 MIKO  
MARINE AS

 BUKSÉR og  
BERGING

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 SWERIM

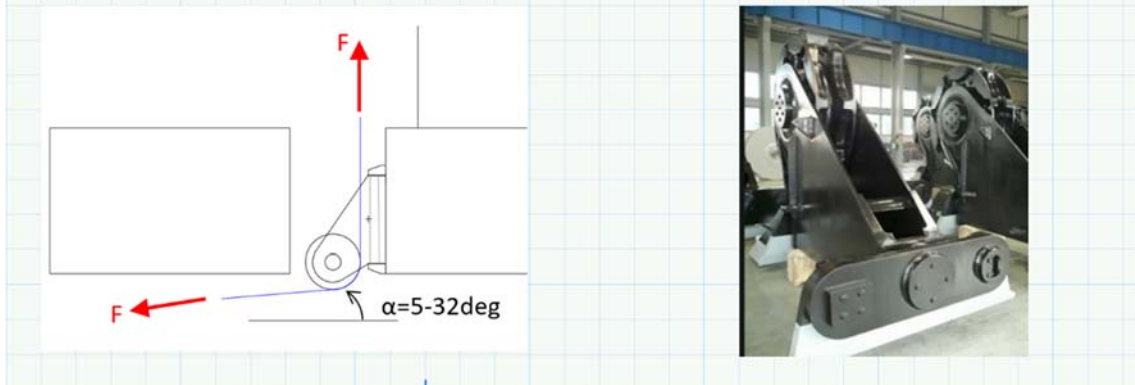
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# 1 GENERAL

This appendix presents the overall assessment of the proposed fairlead solution.

A typical fairlead assembly is chosen to fit inside the moonpool in the pontoon. The following calculations shall ensure that the chosen geometry is feasible. Main loads and dimensions are assessed. However, this is not detail design of the fairlead. Fairlead supplier will ensure final integrity.

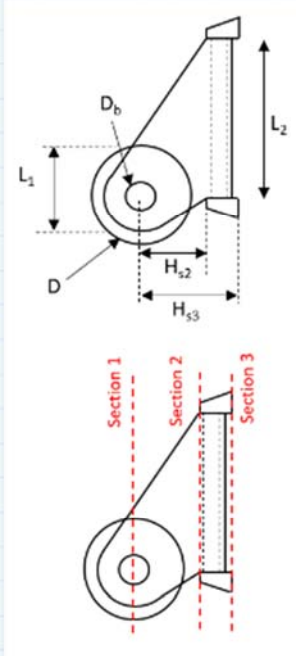


## 2 ASSESSMENT

### INPUT

#### Geometry

Diameter wheel	$D := 3.4 \text{ m}$
Diameter axle	$D_b := 0.5 \text{ m}$
Length plate section 1	$L_1 := 2.5 \text{ m}$
Length plate section 2	$L_2 := 5.5 \text{ m}$
Height plate section 2	$H_{s2} := 2.2 \text{ m}$
Height plate section 3	$H_{s3} := 3.3 \text{ m}$
Mooring line angle	$\alpha := 0 \text{ deg}$
Wall thickness plates	$t := 40 \text{ mm}$
Wall thickness axle	$t_b := 60 \text{ mm}$
Distance between two plates	$d := 1 \text{ m}$
Width suport plates	$w := 3 \text{ m}$



## Material

Specified minimum Yield Stress  $f_y := 355 \text{ MPa}$

Specified minimum Tensile Strength  $f_u := 470 \text{ MPa}$

Youngs modulus  $E := 210 \text{ GPa}$

Plate material factor  $\gamma_{M1} := 1.15$  NORSOK N-004

## Loads

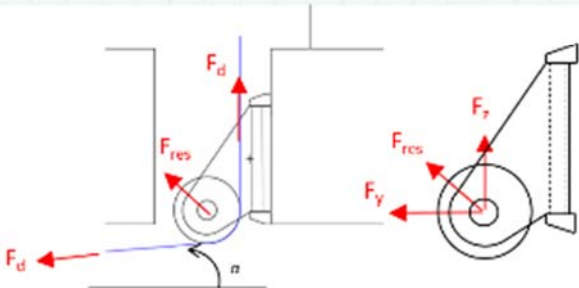
Load factor  $\gamma_f := 1.25$  Ref. Lovdata, forskrift om posisjonings- og ankringsystemer på flyttbare innretninger

Characteristic load in mooring line  $F_c := 10 \text{ MN}$  MBL anchor chain

Factor for out of plane load  $f := 0.1$  10% load in out of plane assumed

## DESIGN CALCULATIONS

### Design loads



Design load in mooring line  $F_d := F_c \cdot \gamma_f = 12.5 \text{ MN}$

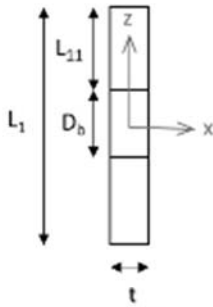
Resultant force on wheel axis  $F_{res} := 2 \cdot F_d \cdot \cos(\alpha) = 25 \text{ MN}$

Vertical force on wheel axis  $F_y := F_{res} \cdot \cos\left(45 \text{ deg} - \frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = 17.7 \text{ MN}$

Horizontal force on wheel axis  $F_z := F_{res} \cdot \sin\left(45 \text{ deg} - \frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = 17.7 \text{ MN}$

Out of plane load  $F_x := f \cdot F_d = 1.25 \text{ MN}$

## Assessment section 1



$$L_{11} := \frac{L_1 - D_b}{2} = 1 \text{ m}$$

Cross section area

$$A_1 := 2 \cdot L_{11} \cdot t = 0.08 \text{ m}^2$$

Normal stress per plate

$$\sigma_{n1} := \frac{F_y}{2 A_1} = 110 \text{ MPa}$$

Shear stress per plate

$$\tau_1 := \frac{\sqrt{F_z^2 + F_x^2}}{2 A_1} = 111 \text{ MPa}$$

Von Mises stress

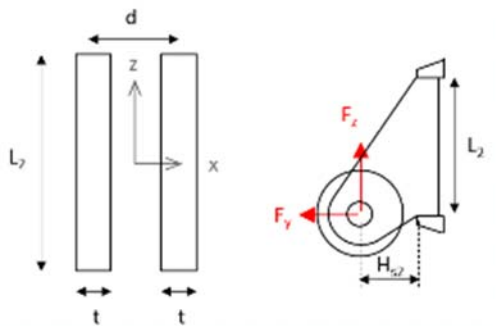
$$\sigma_{vm1} := \sqrt{\sigma_{n1}^2 + 3 (\tau_1^2)} = 221 \text{ MPa}$$

Utilisation

$$\eta_1 := \frac{\sigma_{vm1} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{f_y} \quad \eta_1 = 0.72$$

Bearing stress and shear out has not been checked in this preliminary assessment. However use of cheek plates can be considered if required.

## Assessment section 2



$$M_{xz2} := F_y \cdot \frac{L_2}{2} + F_z \cdot H_{s2} = 88 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{yz2} := F_x \cdot \frac{L_2}{2} = 3 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{z2} := F_x \cdot H_{s2} = 3 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

Moment of inertia

$$I_{xx2} := 2 \left[ \frac{L_2^3 \cdot t}{12} \right] = [1.11] \text{ m}^4$$

$$I_{zz2} := 2 \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{L_2 \cdot t^3}{12} \right) + \left( \left( \frac{d}{2} \right)^2 \cdot (L_2 \cdot t) \right) \right] = [0.11] \text{ m}^4$$

Polar moment of inertia

$$J_2 := I_{xx2} + I_{zz2} = [1.22] \text{ m}^4$$

Cross section area

$$A_2 := 2 \cdot L_2 \cdot t = 0.44 \text{ m}^2$$

Section modulus

$$W_{xx2} := \frac{I_{xx2}}{\frac{L_2}{2}} = [0.4] \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{zz2} := \frac{I_{zz2}}{\frac{d}{2} + \frac{t}{2}} = [0.21] \text{ m}^3$$

Normal stress plate

$$\sigma_{n2} := \frac{F_y}{A_2} + \frac{M_{xz2}}{W_{xx2}} + \frac{M_{z2}}{W_{zz2}} = [270] \text{ MPa}$$

Shear stress per plate

$$\tau_2 := \frac{\sqrt{F_z^2 + F_x^2}}{A_2} + \frac{M_{yz2}}{J_2} \cdot \frac{L_2}{2} = [48] \text{ MPa}$$

Von Mises stress

$$\sigma_{vm2} := \sqrt{\sigma_{n2}^2 + 3(\tau_2^2)} = [283] \text{ MPa}$$

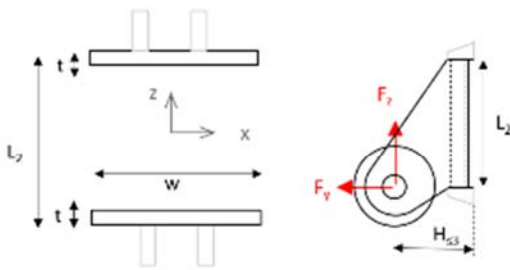
Utilisation

$$\eta_2 := \frac{\sigma_{vm2} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{f_y} \quad \eta_2 = [0.92]$$

The assessment of section 2 shows high utilisation. However, it is assumed that the section is fixed around the vertical axis. This is not necessary for the design and may be different for the supplier solution. In addition it is possible to strengthen the section 2 with increased plate thickness or additional stiffeners. The utilisation is hence assumed acceptable in this feasibility assessment.

### Assessment section 3

Section 3 transfers loads into the pontoon. Vertical shearforces shall be transfered by vertical stiffener plates on top and below. The other loads shall be transfered by horizontal plates.



$$M_{xz} := F_y \cdot \left(\frac{L_2}{2}\right) + F_z \cdot (H_{s3}) = 107 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{yz} := F_x \cdot \frac{L_2}{2} = 3 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{z3} := F_x \cdot (H_{s3}) = 4 \text{ MN} \cdot \text{m}$$

Moment of inertia

$$I_{xx3} := 2 \left[ \frac{w \cdot t^3}{12} + \left(\frac{L_2}{2} - \frac{t}{2}\right)^2 \cdot (t \cdot w) \right] = [1.79] \text{ m}^4$$

$$I_{zz3} := 2 \cdot \left[ \left(\frac{t \cdot w^3}{12}\right) \right] = [0.18] \text{ m}^4$$

Polar moment of inertia

$$J_3 := I_{xx3} + I_{zz3} = [1.97] \text{ m}^4$$

Cross section area

$$A_3 := 2 \cdot w \cdot t = 0.24 \text{ m}^2$$

Section modulus

$$W_{xx3} := \frac{I_{xx3}}{\frac{L_2}{2}} = [0.65] \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{zz3} := \frac{I_{zz3}}{\frac{w}{2}} = [0.12] \text{ m}^3$$

Normal stress plate

$$\sigma_{n3} := \frac{F_y}{A_3} + \frac{M_{xz}}{W_{xx3}} + \frac{M_{z3}}{W_{zz3}} = [272] \text{ MPa}$$

Shear stress per plate  
(shear force Fz shall be taken y the vertical shear plates, see assessment below)

$$\tau_3 := \frac{F_x}{A_3} + \frac{M_{yz}}{J_3} \cdot \frac{L_2}{2} = [10] \text{ MPa}$$



Von Mises stress

$$\sigma_{vm3} := \sqrt{\sigma_{n3}^2 + 3(\tau_3^2)} = [273] \text{ MPa}$$

Utilisation

$$\eta_3 := \frac{\sigma_{vm3} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{f_y} \quad \eta_3 = [0.88]$$

Shear force  $F_z$  shall be transferred by vertical plates.

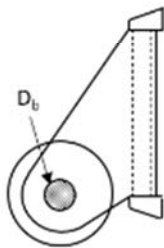
Total required length of shear plates

$$L_{s3} := \frac{\frac{F_z}{f_y} \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{t} = 2.5 \text{ m}$$

Length per shear plate

$$l_{s3} := \frac{L_{s3}}{4} = 0.6 \text{ m}$$

**Assessment axle**



Cross section area

$$A_b := \pi \cdot \left( \left( \frac{D_b}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{D_b - 2 t_b}{2} \right)^2 \right) = 0.08 \text{ m}^2$$

Shear stress in axle

$$\tau_b := \frac{F_{res}}{2 A_b} = 151 \text{ MPa}$$

Von Mises stress

$$\sigma_{vmb} := \sqrt{3} \cdot \tau_b = 261 \text{ MPa}$$

Utilisation

$$\eta_b := \frac{\sigma_{vmb} \cdot \gamma_{M1}}{f_y} \quad \eta_b = 0.85$$